**Audited body: Kent Pension Fund** 

Year ended: 31 March 2025

Inquiries of management and others

## Inquiries to management

## Responses from management 2024/25

General inquiries		
1. What do you regard as the key events or issues that will have a significant impact on the financial statements for 2024/25?	The key events and issues likely to have a significant impact on the financial statements 2024/25 include several transitions and movements resulting from the implementation of the previously agreed investment strategy. These changes will result in changes to asset allocation, returns etc. from previous years.	
	The transitions have been designed to have a positive outcome for the Fund and will not have a significant impact on the financial statements.	
	Additionally, there has been ongoing volatility in global markets this year which will have an impact on asset prices in the short term. The investment valuations are marked to market, however, and will therefore be protected from volatility slightly as a result of the Fund's equity protection programme.	
2. Have you considered the appropriateness of the accounting policies adopted by Kent Pension Fund?	We have considered the appropriateness of the accounting policies and have concluded that no changes are required.	
Have there been any events or transactions that may cause you to change or adopt new accounting policies? If so, what are they?	There have been no events or transactions that have caused us to change or adopt new accounting policies that differ from those used in 2023	
3. Is there any use of financial instruments, including derivatives? If so, please explain	All the investments made by the Pension Fund except directly held property assets are classified as Financial Instruments. These include derivatives.	
4. Are you aware of any significant transaction outside the normal course of business? If so, what are they?	No.	
5. Are you aware of any changes in circumstances that would lead to impairment of non-current assets? If so, what are they?	All of the Fund's non-current assets are held at market value and there is no impairment required.	
6. Are you aware of any guarantee contracts? If so, please provide further details	The Pension Fund requires certain admission employers to put bonds in place issued by financial institutions. There are no other guarantee contracts. Some employers have provided guarantees for admission bodies replacing the requirement for bonds.	
7. Are you aware of the existence of loss contingencies and/or un-asserted claims that may affect the financial statements? If so, please provide further details	No.	
8. Other than in house solicitors, can you provide details of those solicitors utilised by Kent Pension Fund during the year. Please indicate where they are working on	The Council has used Invicta Law, and through them engaged legal counsel, to advise on employer admission and regulatory matters. DTZ who manage the Council's owned	

open litigation or contingencies from prior years?	properties have used Invicta Law and other 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties for legal advice.		
	The Fund has also used other 3 <sup>rd</sup> party solicitors in relation to investment advice, none of which involved any open litigation or contingencies.		
	Currently, there is no open litigation or contingencies from prior years.		
9. Have any of the Kent Pension Fund's service providers reported any items of fraud, non-compliance with laws and regulations or uncorrected misstatements which would affect the financial statements? If so, please provide further details	No.		
10. Can you provide details of other advisors consulted during the year and the	Mercer provide investment advice to the Pension Fund on an ongoing basis.		
issue on which they were consulted?	Barnett Waddingham provide actuarial advice on an ongoing basis.		
11. Have you considered and identified assets for which expected credit loss provisions may be required under IFRS 9, such as debtors (including loans) and investments? If so, please provide further details	We have considered and identified a need for a credit loss provision for uncollected rental income on directly held property. The provision will be based on the investment managers' assessment of likelihood of non-collection of rents.		
Fraud inquiries			
12. Has Kent Pension Fund assessed the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements due to fraud?	Yes, and we believe the risk of fraud is very low both with regard to external as well as internal fraud.		
How has the process of identifying and responding to the risk of fraud been undertaken and what are the results of this process?	We have procedures in place for the process of investing / divesting from fund managers who also issue internal control reports.		
How do the Pension Fund's risk management processes link to financial reporting?	With regard to internal fraud officers comply with KCC protocols to assess and identify fraud. In particular they comply with KCC policies and procedures with regard to payment / procurement processes, employee expense and IT security. Segregation of duties, several stages of review/authorisations for payments. Pension payment fraud is managed through ATMOS, Tell us once and NFI, who review the records against the registry of deaths etc. to identify fraudulent continuing claims for benefits. No significant issues noted in this regard.		
	Budgetary control and reporting identifies any areas of significant variance for review and financial reporting.		
13. What have you determined to be the classes of accounts, transactions and disclosures most at risk to fraud?	Refer to above response.		
14. Are you aware of any instances of actual, suspected or alleged fraud, errors or other irregularities either within Kent Pension Fund as a whole, or within specific departments since 1 April 2024? If so, please provide details	No.		
4. As a management team, how do you communicate risk issues (including fraud) to those charged with governance?	A copy of the risk register is reported to every meeting of the Pension Board and to the Kent Pension Fund committee.		

5. Have you identified any specific fraud risks? If so, please provide details	The risk register includes:
Do you have any concerns there are areas that are at risk of fraud?  Are there particular locations within Kent Pension Fund where fraud is more likely to occur?  6. What processes do Kent Pension Fund have in place to identify and respond to risks of fraud?	<ul> <li>In-house treasury management risks: use of counterparties, separation of duties, sufficient cover for tasks.</li> <li>Fraudulent payments to deceased pensioners. ATMOS, tell us one and NFI used to monitor these payments.</li> </ul> Refer to above responses.
<ul> <li>7. How do you assess the overall control environment for Kent Pension Fund, including: <ul> <li>the existence of internal controls, including segregation of duties; and</li> <li>the process for reviewing the effectiveness the system of internal control?</li> </ul> </li> <li>If internal controls are not in place or not effective where are the risk areas and what mitigating actions have been taken?</li> <li>What other controls are in place to help prevent, deter or detect fraud?</li> <li>Are there any areas where there is a potential for override of controls or inappropriate influence over the financial reporting process (for example because of undue pressure to achieve financial targets)? If so, please provide details</li> <li>8. Are there any areas where there is potential for misreporting? If so, please provide details</li> </ul>	Each year, an annual audit plan is developed that takes into account the risks to the Council. Internal Audit carry out a periodic review of Pension Fund risks. No areas of significant lack of control has been identified either by internal audit or by management.  There are internal controls in place to ensure all investment transactions are authorized and that there is separation of duties where appropriate, e.g. re settlement of investment commitments. All reconciliations of transactions are reviewed by a separate person.  There is also ongoing monitoring of employer and employee payments, quarterly reporting to the board and committee to identify any unusual variances. KCC measures re procurement / payment processes are applied.  No pressure from the S151 officer, committee or board to achieve financial targets and for the override of controls.  Not that we are aware of.
<ul> <li>9. How does Kent Pension Fund communicate and encourage ethical behaviours and business processes of it's staff and contractors?</li> <li>How do you encourage staff to report their concerns about fraud?</li> <li>What concerns are staff expected to report about fraud? Have any significant issues been reported? If so, please provide details</li> <li>10. From a fraud and corruption perspective, what are considered to be high-risk posts?</li> <li>How are the risks relating to these posts identified, assessed and managed?</li> </ul>	Officers engaged on the Pension Fund are employees of Kent County Council. They are expected to comply with KCC standards and follow KCC policies which include staff code of conduct, anti-fraud corruption strategy and anti-bribery policy. There is e-learning provided to support the prevention and detection of fraud.  KCC has a whistle blowing policy and the counter fraud team undertakes fraud awareness presentations.  Staff are encouraged to raise all financial irregularities with internal audit.  S151 officer has delegated authority to spend up to £1m. In practice they work with the Chair of the Committee implementing committee decisions including investment decisions.  There are internal controls in place, with staff expected to follow KCC policies and guidelines. Segregation of duties.
11. Are you aware of any related party relationships or transactions that could give	No, not that we are aware of.

rise to instances of fraud? If so, please provide details	Officer and member declarations are required for setting up suppliers, committee
How do you mitigate the risks associated with fraud related to related party relationships and transactions?	decision-making. Commissioning category managers also vet new suppliers.
12. What arrangements are in place to report fraud issues and risks to the Audit Committee?	Counter fraud reporting to the Governance and Audit Committee at each meeting.
How does the Audit Committee exercise oversight over management's processes for identifying and responding to risks of fraud and breaches of internal control?  What has been the outcome of these arrangements so far this year?	The Governance and Audit Committee has the ability to call in any manager to question their arrangements in addressing the risks of fraud.  There have been no cases of reported fraud.
13. Are you aware of any whistle blowing potential or complaints by potential whistle blowers? If so, what has been your response?	KCC has a whistle blowing policy and no complaints reported.
14. Have any reports been made under the Bribery Act? If so, please provide details	None.
Laws and regulations	
How does management gain assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	Contractual arrangements with service providers including investment managers include regulatory compliance requirements.
What arrangements does Kent Pension Fund have in place to prevent and detect non-compliance with laws and regulations?  Are you aware of any changes to the Pension Fund's regulatory environment that may have a significant impact on the Pension Fund's financial statements?	Managers keep abreast of regulations through receiving communication from the LGA, DLUHC, Scheme Advisory Board, the Fund actuary – Barnett Waddingham, and investment consultant – Mercer. The Pensions Regulator (tPR), Pensions Ombudsman, Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure (IDRP). CIPFA Staff and member training programme, e.g. re the Pensions Regulator code of Practice 14. Report non-compliance to tPR.
	The annual review and update of the governance compliance statement ensures a review of compliance with LGPS regulations.
	The Head of Pensions and Treasury is a member of the Scheme Advisory Board's Investment, Engagement and Governance Sub-Committee, and as such has regular meetings with Government officials. This enables the Fund to keep well informed of any regulatory changes.
	The implications arising from the McCloud remedy could have some impact on the financial statements of the Fund, including potentially increased liabilities and the addition of disclosure notes, though the impact is not expected to be significant.
2. How is the Audit Committee provided with assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	Reporting to the Pensions Board and Committee who are responsible for governance. Annual review and completion of the Governance Compliance Statement
3. Have there been any instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulation since 1 April 2024 with an on-going impact on the 2024/25	None.

4. Are there any actual or potential titigation or claims that would affect the financial statements? If so, please provide details  5. What arrangements does Kent Pension Fund have in place to identify, evaluate and account for itrigation or claims?  6. Have there been any reports from other regulatory bodies, such as HMR Revenues and Customs, which indicate non-compliance? If so, please provide details  **Related parties**  1. Have there been any reports from other regulatory bodies, such as HMR Revenues and Customs, which indicate non-compliance? If so, please provide details  **Related parties**  1. Have there been any changes in the related parties including those disclosed in Kent Pension Fund's 2024/25 financial statements?  1. Have there been any changes in the related parties including those disclosed in Kent Pension Fund's 2024/25 financial statements?  1. Have there been any changes in the related parties and Kent Pension Fund has entered into or plans to enter into any transactions with these related parties  1. The Head of Pensions and Treasury liaises with the Pensions Administration manager to dentify issues.  None.  **None.**  **Corrections and senior officers are required to complete declarations of interest which are reviewed during the year and accounts closure. Information is collected via the early return process by KCC.  3. What controls are in place to authorise and approve significant transactions and arrangements require authorization by senior KCC officers in items with related parties?  4		
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Regular monitoring of investment performance and income collection ensures that timely		· · ·
		Regular monitoring of investment performance and income collection ensures that timely

	actions are taken to protect the financial position of the Fund.		
Are management aware of any factors which may mean for Kent Pension Fund that either statutory services will no longer be provided or that funding for statutory services will be discontinued? If so, what are they?	No.		
With regard to the statutory services currently provided by Kent Pension Fund, does Kent Pension Fund expect to continue to deliver them for the foreseeable future, or will they be delivered by related public authorities if there are any plans for Kent Pension Fund to cease to exist?	Yes – we expect to continue to deliver services for the foreseeable future. The Fund is set to undergo it's triennial valuation this year (as at 31 March 2025) but had a very strong funding position of 102% at the previous triennial valuation.  Officers have been implementing investment decisions following a previous review of the strategic asset allocation, to ensure that the Fund can continue to deliver for the foreseeable future and to potentially further strengthen the funding position.		
Are management satisfied that the financial reporting framework permits Kent Pension Fund to prepare its financial statements on a going concern basis? Are management satisfied that preparing financial statements on a going concern basis will provide a faithful representation of the items in the financial statements?	Yes – management are satisfied that we can continue to prepare financial statements on a going concern basis and that this basis provides a faithful representation of the items in the financial statements.		
Accounting estimates			
1. What are the classes of transactions, events and conditions, that are significant to the financial statements that give rise to the need for, or changes in, accounting estimate and related disclosures?  2. How does the Pension Fund's risk management process identify and address risks relating to accounting estimates?	Significant estimates relate to the levels 2 and 3 investments, primarily property investments and Private Equity and Infrastructure Funds.  Estimates are also required in calculation of actuarial pension fund liability.  Having identified the areas of significant estimation involved, management ensures that the they employ the services of regulated and certified experts that are best placed to		
	undertake the estimation following guidance, regulations and best practice.  Property Valuation is undertaken by independent valuer (Colliers) and these are validated by the property manager DTZ. Private Equity and Infrastructure Funds are valued by the Fund Managers in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and laws. Internal control reports provided by these managers provide assurance on the controls on valuations in their organisation to ensure that risk related to estimates is mitigated.  Pension fund liability estimates are calculated by the Actuary based on actuarial standards and LGPS regulations.		
3. How does management identify the methods, assumptions or source data, and the need for changes in them, in relation to key accounting estimates?	Quarterly reporting provided by investment managers details the methodology of valuations as well as the breakdown of assets that make up the valuations. It also highlights changes in movements in the valuations as well as the factors behind the changes. This would include adjustments for the underlying market conditions as well as the business model and prospects for the underlying investments. This helps the fund to assess the reasonableness of the valuation which often in these cases includes estimation.		

4. How do management review the outcomes of previous accounting estimates?	The outcomes of estimated valuations get validated when underlying assets are sold and the valuations are realised or if there is a sudden write down/adjustment required for valuation of assets. The information provided by fund managers in their quarterly reporting, enables the fund to assess the soundness of the estimation and valuation
	process employed by the managers. Any large unexpected variations in valuations or realised value will trigger an enquiry and review.
5. Were any changes made to the estimation processes in 2024/25 and, if so, what was the reason for these?	No changes have been made for 2024/25 for the estimation process.
6. How does management identify the need for and apply specialised skills or knowledge related to accounting estimates?	Management pay regard to the specialist nature of investment or liability to determine the need to apply specialised skills or knowledge related to accounting estimates.
7. How does the Pension Fund determine what control activities are needed for significant accounting estimates, including the controls at any service providers or management experts?	The level of controls required for specialist services are often dictated by professional standards and overseen by professional bodies which the service provider is expected to be members of. Management can rely on the service providers' accreditation from such professional bodies.
	Additionally, management takes advice from its investment consultants who carry out the due diligence in respect of the activities of the service provider
8. How does management monitor the operation of control activities related to accounting estimates, including the key controls at any service providers or management experts?	Service providers are required to produce internal control reports that provide independent assurance of the operation of these controls.
9. What is the nature and extent of oversight and governance over management's financial reporting process relevant to accounting estimates, including:	Review is undertaken by Senior Management.
Management's process for making significant accounting estimates	
The methods and models used	
The resultant accounting estimates included in the financial statements.	
10. Are management aware of any transactions, events, conditions (or changes in these) that may give rise to recognition or disclosure of significant accounting estimates that require significant judgement (other than those in Appendix A)? If so, what are they?	No.
11. Why are management satisfied that their arrangements for the accounting estimates, as detailed in Appendix A, are reasonable?	
12. How is the Audit Committee provided with assurance that the arrangements for accounting estimates are adequate?	A review is undertaken by senior management. Details of accounting estimates are contained in the statement of accounts which are assessed by external auditors and are challenged and reviewed if needed. The GAC reviews external audit reports, including any recommendations regarding the reasonableness and accuracy of accounting estimates.

	Briefing sessions are also provided to the Committee.					
Climate related matters						
Is management aware of any climate related legislation or regulation that may impact the entity?	Management are aware of a number of areas of climate-related legislation or regulation which will have an affect on the Pension Fund. The introduction of the TCFD framework on LGPS funds will impact reporting and require increased disclosure on the Fund's processes in identifying, assessing and managing climate risks and opportunities.					
	In addition, the TPR mandates large schemes to consider and report on climate-related risks.					
	The Fund and management work with investment consultants to identify climate-related risks and opportunities to ensure that regulation/legislation is met and risks are mitigated.					

## Appendix A – Accounting Estimates

Possible examples include: valuation of investments level 2, valuation of investments level 3, valuation of pension liabilities, actuarial PV of retirement benefits, contribution accruals, etc.

Estimate	Method / model used to make the estimate	Controls used to identify estimates	Whether management have used an expert	Underlying assumptions: - Assessment of degree of uncertainty - Consideration of alternative estimates	Has there been a change in accounting method in year?
Valuation of level 3 property investments	RICS valuation – global standards prepared by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors	Considerations of acquisitions and disposals, inspections, tenure floor areas and lettings, market conditions etc.	Yes – registered under the RICS valuer Registration Scheme	These are separate for each asset in the portfolio depending upon the asset and applicable sector, and wider market conditions.	No.
Valuation of level 3 investments	Replacement cost or market approach depending upon stage of direct investments and applying discounts or fair value approach for partnerships.	Free cash flows, EBITDA, entry-level valuation, development in markets, private transactions etc.	Management relies on information provided by the Fund Managers who employ experts.	These are separate for each underlying investment, depending upon the business and applicable sector, and wider market conditions.	No.
Valuation of pension liabilities	Specialist LGPS full actuarial valuation models and stochastic models, developed and maintained in-house, used to project and discount future benefits using assumptions in line with the Fund's Funding Strategy Statement.  Both assets and liabilities are typically smoothed over the 6-month period centred on the valuation date, although unsmoothed values are recorded and used as the basis for accounting	Validation of full membership extracts are conducted using in-house online data checking tools. Validation of intervaluation cashflow data is also performed to ensure consistency with membership data. Updated market- related information, stochastic modelling and three to five year longevity/demographic experience analyses	Fund actuary – Barnett Waddingham	Financial and demographic assumptions are used for estimation, as are the agreed probabilities of success used to derive prudence margins within discount rates.  Key uncertainties are covered in analysis and reporting (examples for the 2022 valuation include: McCloud; LGPS cost management reviews; potential to move to quadrennial valuation cycle; climate change risks).  Alternative assumptions are	No.

	exercises.	are used to set assumptions on projected returns, levels of prudence, discount rates, salary and price inflation and demographic factors.		considered as part of agreeing initial and final valuation results, including using the output of sensitivity analyses undertaken.	
Actuarial PV of Retirement Benefits	Latest full triennial valuation projection of future cashflows adjusted for inflation as per IAS 26 requirements, rolled forward annually with assumptions complying with IAS 19 requirements.	Validation of member and cash flow data, as well as updated information on interest rates, inflation and demographic data.	Fund actuary – Barnett Waddingham	Per IAS26, financial and demographic assumptions are used for estimation, including an evaluation of alternative assumptions, and sensitivity analysis is undertaken.	No.
Contribution Accruals	Employer and Employee contributions are accrued based on Employer Monthly Returns (EMR) or i-connect returns received from employers at the end of each month.	Employer contributions are validated against actuary certified rates. Accruals are checked against actual receipts for accuracy and/ or previous EMR/iconnect returns. Additionally, year-end reconciliations of contributions are carried out between employer and Fund's records.	Fund actuary – Barnett Waddingham provide employer contribution rates used.	Contribution accruals are based on monthly returns provided by employers (EMRs and i-connect returns). There is low level of uncertainty involved in these estimates as the employer returns are based on monthly Payroll figures provided by the employers and therefore no alternatives are considered.	No.